STUDENT ID NO

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

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FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 3, 2019/2020

UHL2612 – HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

(All Sections / Groups)

10 JUNE 2020
Reading Time : 2.30 pm - 2.45pm
(15 Minutes)
Answering Time: 2.45pm – 5.45pm
(3 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENT

1. This Question paper consists of 2 pages with 5 Questions only.

2. Answer **ONE (1)** question in **PART A** and **ALL** questions in **PART B**. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.

3. Please write all your answers in the Answer Booklet provided.

PART A:

ANSWER ONE (1) THE QUESTION

QUESTION 1

Analyse the limitations under Part 2 of the Federal Constitution. Provide relevant examples and make reference to relevant legal authorities.

(Total: 25 marks)

QUESTION 2

Should Malaysia ratify the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) and International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights?

(Total: 25 marks)

PART B:

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

QUESTION 3

> "In a report detailing alleged violations in Myanmar over the last year, the Independent International Fact-Finding Mission, insists that many of the conditions that led to "killings, rapes and gang rapes, torture, forced displacement and other grave rights violations" by the country's military, that prompted some 700,000 Rohingya to flee to neighbouring Bangladesh in 2017, are still present."
>
> (UN News, 16 Sept 2019).

Analyse the above in light of rights against genocide and make reference to legal authorities and examples of genocide from around the world.

(Total: 25 marks)

Continued...

QUESTION 4

Analyse the problems faced by Aboriginal people in Malaysia and critically discuss if the laws in Malaysia are sufficient to protect them.

(Total: 25 marks)

QUESTION 5

> "In 2016, Amnesty International published a draft policy arguing in favour of decriminalisation, saying sex workers should be entitled to the same rights as other workers. It argued that the criminalisation of prostitution "threatens the rights to health, non-discrimination, equality, privacy, and security" of a sex worker. The World Health Organisation also condemns the criminalisation of sex work, and backs research in The Lancet which shows that decriminalising prostitution would help lower rates of sexually transmitted infections, particularly HIV/Aids."
>
> (The Week, 5 March 2019)

Analyse the above in light of the Universalist and Relativist debate.

(Total: 25 marks)

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